## **TEXAS GENERAL LAND OFFICE (GLO)**

## **Glossary of Terms**

**Balancing**: The process of managing a customer's natural gas supply to match the customer's daily usage with the customer's confirmed pipeline delivery of natural gas supplies.

**Basis**: The value differential in price between two points. (i.e., NYMEX vs. Houston Ship Channel)

**BTU**: One British Thermal Unit: The quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of one pound of water, one degree Fahrenheit.

**Cashout**: Cost of liquidating the monthly imbalances.

**Curtailment**: Notification that end-user's gas might be cut short or interrupted per the contract requirements. A reduction in gas deliveries or gas sales necessitated by a shortage of supply.

Daily Imbalance: Difference between the nominated volume and the actual daily usage.

**Firm Service**: The highest quality sales or service offered to customers — no planned interruption. This includes both a firm commodity and transportation.

**City Gate**: Physical location where gas is delivered by an intrastate pipeline to a local distribution company.

**Interruptible Service**: Gas service that is subject to interruption at the option of any party. Tariffs or rates for interruptible service are cheaper than firm.

**Monthly Imbalance**: Accumulation or total of daily imbalances for the month.

**Nomination**: A request for a physical quantity of gas to be delivered at a specific point.

**LDC**: Local Distribution Company — the regulated utility.

**Line Loss**: A percentage of gas received by a pipeline or LDC that is retained to compensate for lost and unaccounted for gas in a pipeline system.

MCF: 1,000 cubic feet.

**NYMEX**: New York Mercantile Exchange: The commodity exchanges based in New York where natural gas futures contracts and other energy futures are traded.

Telemetry: Technology that allows remote measurement and reporting of natural gas