

# Status and Trends of Living Shorelines in Texas

Kristin Hames

July 28, 2023

Texas General Land Office • Commissioner Dawn Buckingham, M.D.

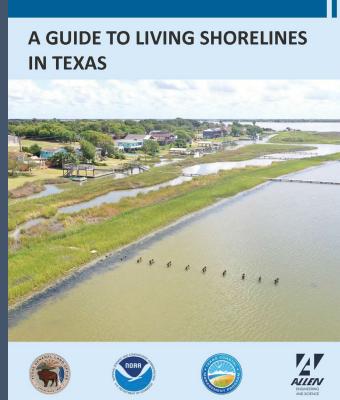
## TEXAS GENERAL LAND OFFICE

The Republic of Texas created the General Land Office in 1836. The oldest state agency in Texas, the GLO was formed to determine who owned what and where after the Texians and Tejanos won independence. Today the General Land Office manages state lands, operates the Alamo, helps Texans recovering from natural disasters, helps fund Texas public education through the Permanent School Fund, provides benefits to Texas Veterans, and manages the vast Texas coast.







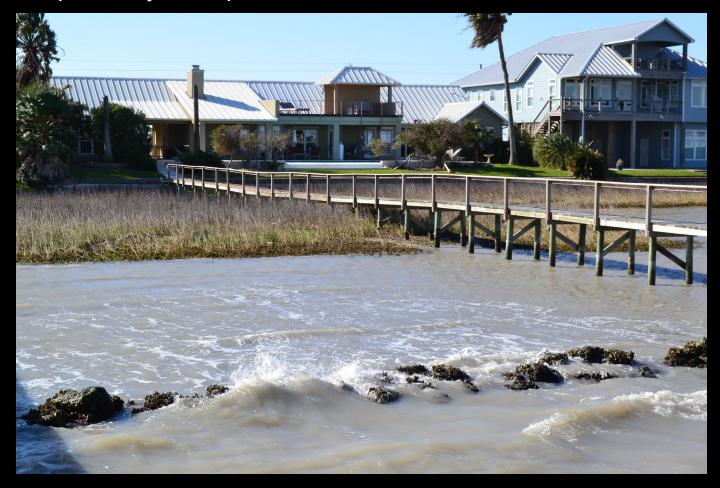


#### **Living Shorelines Defined**

31 Tex. Admin. Code § 155.1 (2021)

"Alternatives to traditional armoring shoreline stabilization techniques such as bulkheads. Living shorelines incorporate substantial natural or naturebased features, potentially combined with hard structural components as approved by the Texas General Land Office, to provide shoreline protection and stabilization while maintaining shoreline ecosystem functions."

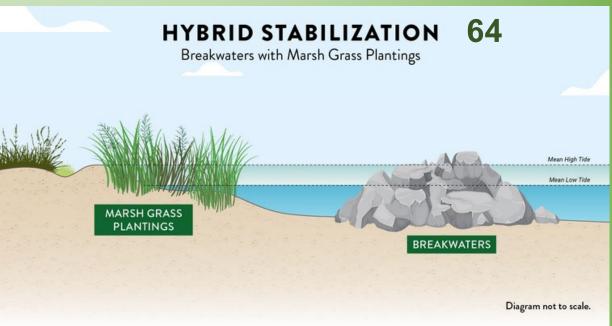
#### Copano Bay, Rockport TX

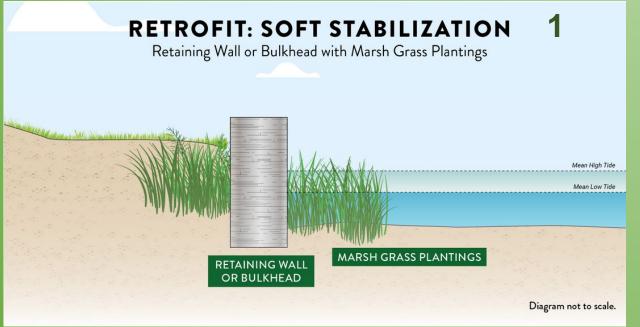


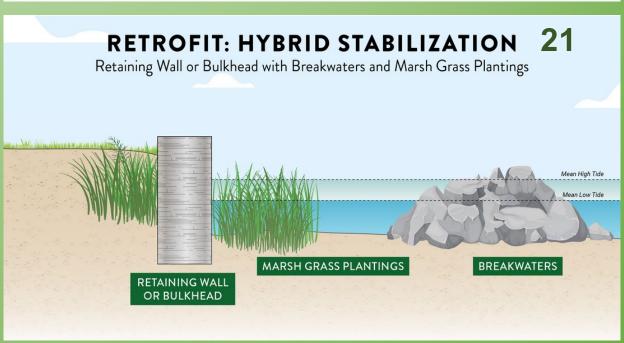


#### Total: 120 projects; year 1987 - current

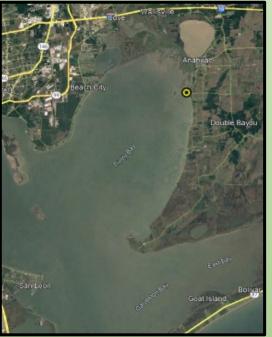














Hybrid: Levee Road living shoreline

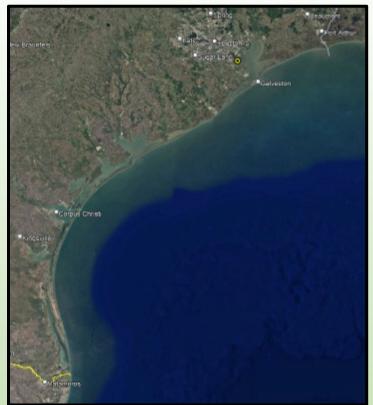
Constructed in 2015

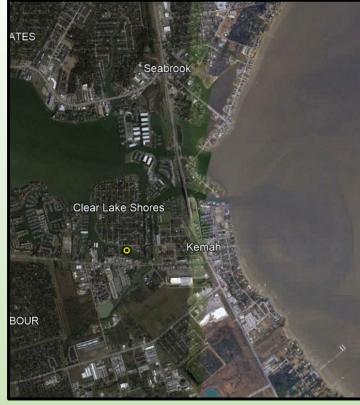
1,350 linear feet

Spartina alterniflora planted with rock rubble breakwater for protection

Chambers County in partnership with GBF









#### **Soft: Jarboe Bayou Park living shoreline**

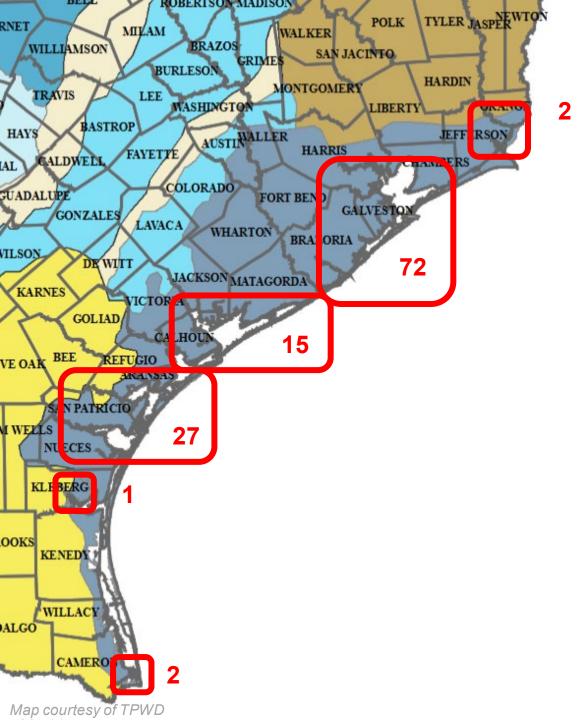
Constructed in 2006

750 linear feet

Spartina alterniflora planted, shoreline graded

City of Clear Lake in partnership with GLO CMP, USFWS, NFWF, TPWD, GBF, Clear Creek Foundation, Shell Marine Habitat Program

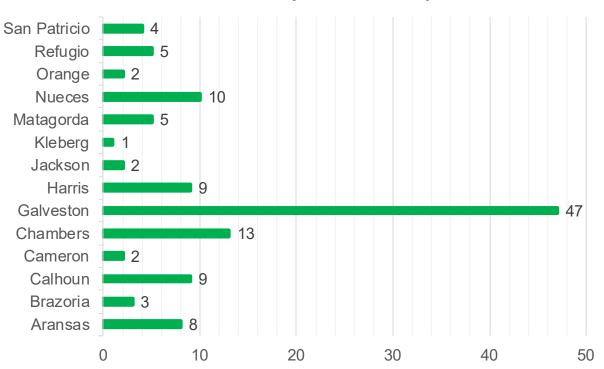


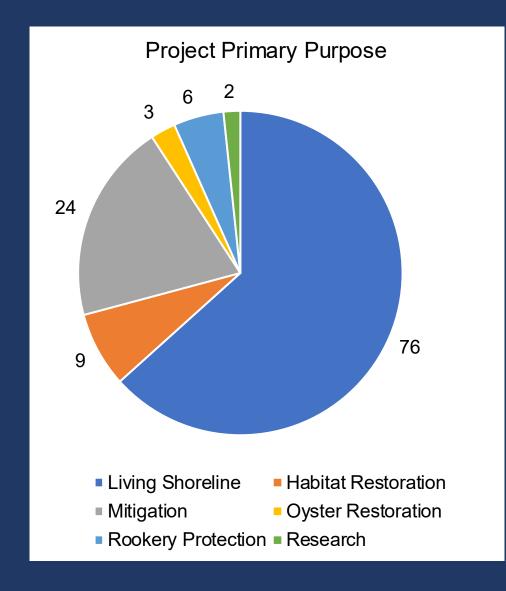


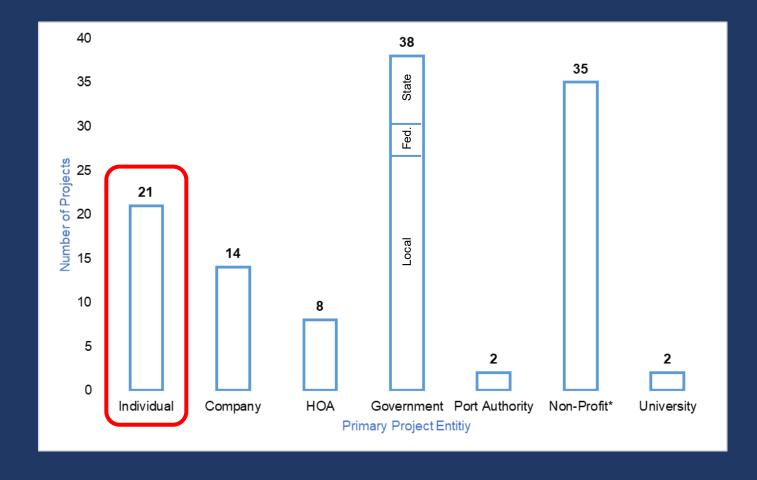
#### LOCATIONS: 120 PROJECTS

**1987 - CURRENT** 









Individual: 16 GBF projects, 2 mitigation, 1 BU, 2 non GBF projects

2001 – 2018, with most complete prior to 2010



### PERMITTING: LIVING SHORELINE VS BULKHEAD

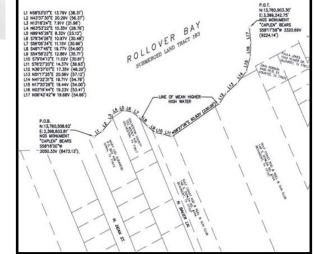


WILDLIFE



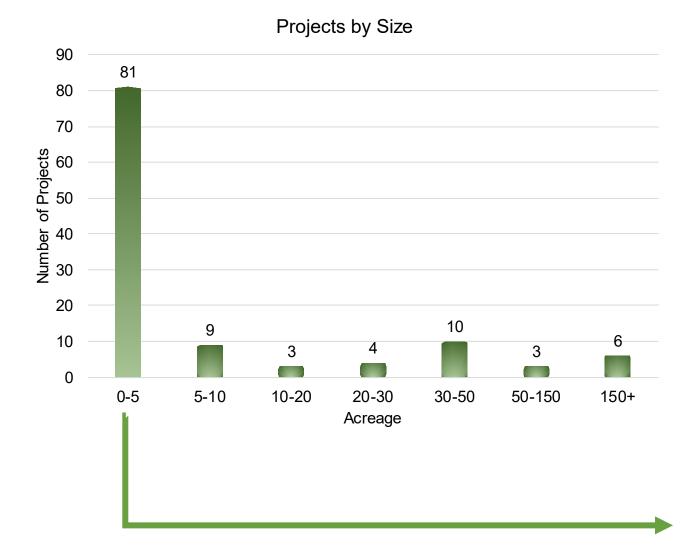


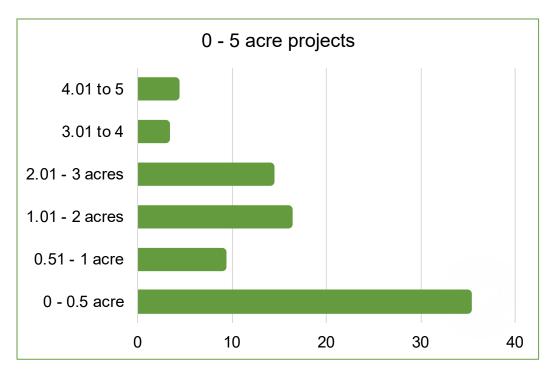


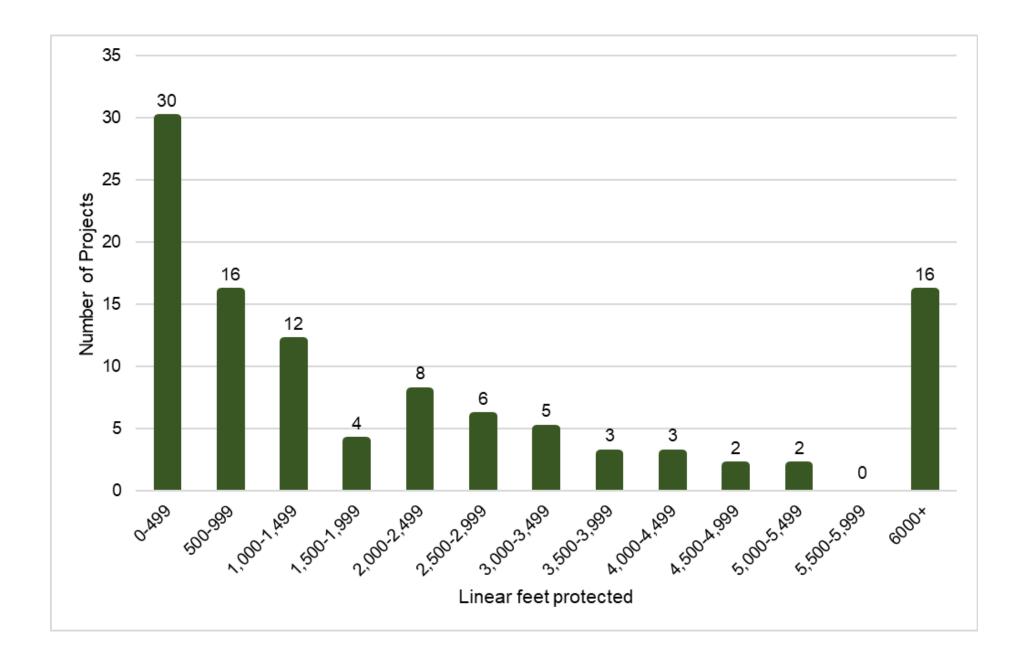














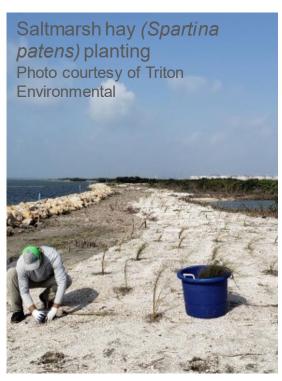
# **Project Planting**

- > Spartina alterniflora: 87
- Mixed high / low marsh: 12
  - Batis maritima: 1
  - Spartina patens: 1
  - Distichlis spp: 1
  - Spartina spartinae: 1
  - Scirpus spp: 2
  - Sporobolus virginicus:1
- Halodule seagrass: 8
- Avicennia germinans: 3
- Pine trees: 1
- Juncus roemerianus: 1
- Zizaniopsis miliacea: 1
- Sagittaria lancifolia: 2
- Ludwigia uruguayensis: 1
- Carex spp: 1
- > Cyperus spp: 1

# 120 total projects









# **Project Components**

120 total projects

Oyster structures: 22\*

Riprap: 12

Articulated block: 4

Large earth moving – levees, berms, terracing, mounds: 18



Breakwaters = 86

• Rock rubble: 47

• Sakrete: 7

• Sheetpile: 6

• Geotextile: 8

• Concrete bar: 1

• Temporary: 5

• Oyster structure breakwater : 20



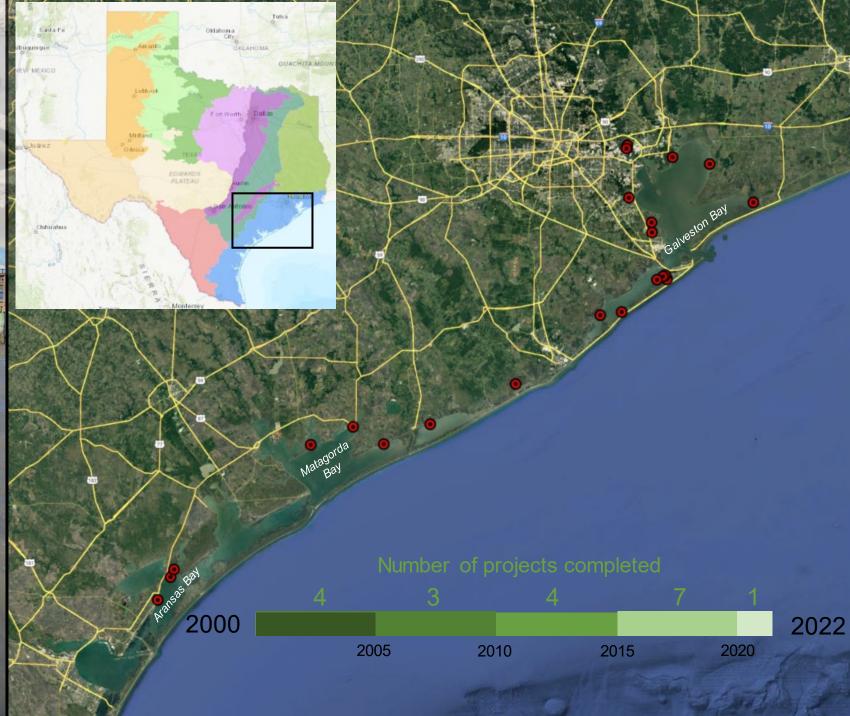


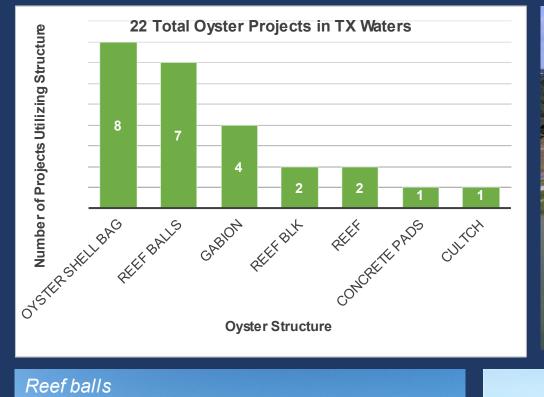


# OYSTERS AND LIVING SHORELINES

- 22 oyster-specific projects total
- Year 2000 2002
- Innovations in oyster living shorelines









Oyster shell bag breakwater Sweetwater Lake, Galveston TX Photo courtesy of GBF





Oyster ReefBLK gabion structures

Mad Island Marsh Preserve, Matagorda Bay Photo courtesy of D. Buzan

# Where do we go from here?

- ➤ Focus on local government entities and nonprofits, who qualify for funding half of existing projects are either local government or nonprofit
- Monitoring and documenting successes and failures
- Oysters and oyster structures in living shorelines
- Mangrove expansion effects on living shorelines



